

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("**MD&A**") is current to August 24, 2018 (the "**Report Date**") and is management's assessment of the operations and the financial results together with future prospects of Aurelius Minerals Inc. ("**Aurelius**", or the "**Company**") and compares the financial results for the three month period ended June 30, 2018 (the "**first quarter 2019**") with the comparable period in fiscal 2018 (the "**first quarter 2018**"). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim financial statements for the first quarter 2019 and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended March 31, 2018, copies of which are filed under the Company's profile on the SEDAR website, www.sedar.com or the Company's website at www.aureliusminerals.com.

The financial information contained in this MD&A and in the unaudited interim financial statements has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The Company's accounting policies are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and follow the same accounting policies and methods as presented in note 3 to the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018.

This discussion contains forward-looking statements that are not historical in nature and involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees as to Aurelius' future results as there are inherent difficulties in predicting future results. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. The Company has adopted National Instrument 51-102F1 as the guideline in presenting the MD&A. Additional information relevant to the Company's activities, including the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, can be found at www.sedar.com or the Company's website at www.aureliusminerals.com.

The Company was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on April 5, 2007. The Company's head office and principal address is 1020 – 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T6. The Company's registered and records office is 2500 – 700 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7Y 1B3. The Company's shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "**TSXV**") under the symbol **AUL**.

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

- Commenced drilling on its Phase Two exploration program at the Mikwam property on August 23, 2018.
- Intersected and expanded gold mineralization in its Phase One exploration drilling program on its Mikwam property during the first half of 2018, including:
 - 3.7 grams per tonne gold over 22 metres 58% higher than the grade of the existing inferred mineral resource and including high grade intercept of 30.2 grams per tonne over one metre and 7.16 grams per tonne over 10 metres (set out in the table below);
 - Extended the Mikwam mineralization approximately 75 metres vertically upwards, to the contact between bedrock and overburden and along the East-West trend, representing potential additions to the existing resource base; and
 - Confirmed several similarities to the gold mineralization at Hecla Mining Company's Casa Berardi Mine:
 - Same structural trend;
 - Same mineral assemblage hosting gold; and
 - Similar stratigraphy.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Aurelius is a gold exploration company. During fiscal year 2017, the Company acquired the Lipton and Mikwam properties within the prolific Abitibi Gold belt in Ontario, Canada and its initial focus is on gold exploration within this area. The Company commenced its Phase Two exploration drilling program at the Mikwam property in the second half of August 2018 following successful completion of its first exploration drilling programs on the Lipton and Mikwam properties during fiscal year 2018. In addition, the Company continues to consider additional acquisitions of advanced staged opportunities in the Abitibi and other proven mining districts.



Aurelius' ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to identify and acquire promising mineral properties and conduct future exploration work on them, to fund its corporate overhead and commitments and to discharge its liabilities as they come due. On December 21, 2017, as part of a brokered private placement co-lead by Sprott Capital Partners L.P. and Claris Securities Inc. (the "Agents"), the Company issued 20,200,000 common share units ("December 2017 Units") at a price of \$0.08 per December 2017 Unit and 17,080,478 flow-through share units ("December 2017 FT Units") at a price of \$0.09 per December 2017 FT Unit for total gross proceeds of \$3,153,243 (collectively the "Offering"). Each December 2017 Unit consists of one common share of the Company and one common share warrant ("Warrant"). Each December 2017 FT Unit consists of one flow-through share of the Company and one Warrant. Each Warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.16 for a period of five years following the closing of the Offering.

Transaction costs relating to the Offering amounted to \$495,766, consisting of cash costs of \$316,250, which includes an arm's length finder aggregate cash commission totaling \$157,662, and non-cash costs of \$179,516 relating to the fair value attributed to 2,982,438 non-transferable warrants issued as additional compensation to the Agents. Each Agent warrant can be exercised to acquire one December Unit at a price of \$0.08 for a period of five years. The fair value attributed to the Agent warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model using the following assumptions: Risk free interest rate of 1.86%, expected life of five years, and volatility rate of 133.87%.

The net proceeds from the Offering are being used by the Company for exploration programs on the Lipton and Mikwam properties and general working capital purposes. The exploration programs are expected to follow-up on completed drill programs and several target areas warranting additional exploration in the Abitibi Gold belt and to include detailed geochemical sampling, ground geophysical surveying and drilling and are described below.

As at June 30, 2018, the Company had working capital of \$1,871,332 (March 31, 2018 – \$2,262,873) (see "Non-IFRS Measures").

LIPTON PROPERTY

In conjunction with Mr. Ashcroft's appointment as President and CEO of Aurelius, through a wholly owned company MNJA Holdings Inc., an option (the "Lipton Option") was assigned to the Company granting the right to earn a 100% interest in 13 claim blocks (the "Lipton Option Claims"), subject to a net smelter returns royalty ("NSR Royalty") of 2.0%, in consideration of 500,000 common shares of the Company being issued to Mr. Ashcroft. The Company may earn a 100% in the Lipton Option Claims by making aggregate cumulative cash payments of \$1 million to be paid over a 10-year period. The Company has made annual payments totalling \$50,000, pursuant to the Lipton Option agreement entered into on August 22, 2016, and must pay the remaining initial balance of \$50,000 in annual cash payments by June 2020 and file a minimum of two years of assessment work. The remaining \$900,000 is payable in annual cash payments between June 2021 and June 2026. The Company has the option to buy-back one-half of the NSR Royalty for \$2,500,000.

In addition, the Company staked 44 claim blocks referred to as the Atkinson South claims. The Lipton Property comprises the Lipton Option Claims and the Atkinson South claims totaling 57 contiguous claim blocks (consisting of 724 claim units) covering an area of approximately 11,593 hectares.

The Lipton Property is located approximately 150 kilometers north-east of Cochrane, Ontario near the border between Ontario and Québec, and is approximately 20 kilometers south of the Detour Lake Mine, and 3 kilometers south of Detour Gold Corporation's 58N high grade discovery.

The Lipton Property is in the northern portion of the Abitibi Greenstone Belt, just south of the Lower Detour Deformation Zone. The area is composed of numerous sequences of mafic and felsic volcanics, with sedimentary sequences variably interbedded. There are also numerous felsic, mafic, and ultramafic intrusives.



Exploration programs

In mid July 2017, the Company commenced its Phase One exploration program on the Lipton Property. The Company completed 1,833 m of diamond drilling in twelve holes from nine different collar locations and a ground-based induced polarization (IP) geophysical survey. The primary goals of the program were to confirm the interpretation of the local controls on gold mineralization, to test a number of new targets based on previous drilling and geophysics and to generate new targets to the north of the main Lipton Target.

The Company's inaugural drill program at Lipton successfully intersected significant gold mineralization at the Lipton Gold Zone, including 9.4 grams per tonne ("g/t") gold over 6.58 metres, identified a new gold zone to the north and confirmed the presence of the host unit for Detour Gold's 58N gold mineralization. Drilling conducted at the new Lipton North target intersected one metre grading 3.0 g/t gold in AUL-17-10 (new mineralized zone) and the hole ended in 12 metres grading 0.2 g/t gold. Concurrent with the drilling program, the Company completed a ground-based induced polarization (IP) geophysical survey covering 11-line kilometers to identify additional targets. Five new drill targets were identified in the new Lipton North area.

MIKWAM PROPERTY

On November 29, 2016, the Company entered into a Property Option Agreement ("**Mikwam Option**") with ALX Uranium Corp. ("**ALX**") to acquire a 100% interest in the Mikwam property located on the Casa Berardi Deformation Zone in the Larder Lake Mining Division, approximately 160 kilometers north-east of Timmins, Ontario.

Pursuant to the Mikwam Option, the Company has the right to acquire a 100% interest in Mikwam (subject to certain royalty interests and encumbrances) by making aggregate cash and share payments to ALX over a period of three years as follows:

- \$25,000 and the issuance of 2,000,000 on closing (December 12, 2016);
- \$50,000 or, at the Company's election, issue 500,000 common shares on or before the first anniversary of the Mikwam Option (500,000 shares issued on November 22, 2017);
- \$75,000 or, at the Company's election, issue 750,000 common shares on or before the second anniversary of the Mikwam Option; and
- \$100,000 or, at the Company's election, issue 750,000 common shares on or before the third anniversary of the Mikwam Option.

In addition, the Company has granted ALX a NSR Royalty equal to 0.5% of net smelter returns from the property. The Company has the right, at any time, to acquire the 0.5% NSR Royalty from ALX for cash consideration of \$1,000,000.

Mikwam lies in the Harricana-Turgeon belt within the northern portion of the Abitibi greenstone belt of the Superior Province of the Canadian Shield. The Harricana-Turgeon belt hosts polymetallic deposits and several well-known gold deposits such as the Eagle mine, the Casa Berardi mine and the Detour Mine. In late summer 2016, Detour Gold Corporation staked its Burntbush project which now completely surrounds the Mikwam property.

Mineral Resource Estimate

In connection with the acquisition of the Mikwam Option, the Company engaged Caracle Creek International Consulting Inc. to prepare a National Instrument 43-101 technical report on the Mikwam property. The report, entitled "Independent Technical Report--Mikwam Gold Property--Noseworthy township, Ontario, Canada," dated December 8, 2016 is available under the Company's profile at <u>www.sedar.com</u>.



The report provides an inferred Mineral Resource estimate for Mikwam of 1.81 million tonnes at 2.34 g/t, containing 136,000 ounces of gold at a reported cut-off grade of 1.00 g/t gold.

Exploration program

The Company received a portion of the extensive high resolution (100 metre line spacing) VTEM survey which Detour commissioned over their Burntbush Property, which completely surrounds the Mikwam Property and identified a southern anomaly that the Company tested in its Phase One drill program at the Property.

The 2018 Phase One drill program, which included 10 NQ diameter core holes totaling approximately 2,700 m, was completed during the first half of 2018. The program extended the mineralization of the deposit both vertically and laterally, as well as provided improved understanding of the structural setting of the deposit.

The Company intersected and expanded gold mineralization in its Phase One exploration drilling program on its Mikwam property, including 3.7 grams per tonne gold over 22 metres – 58% higher than the grade of the existing inferred mineral resource and including high grade intercept of 30.2 grams per tonne over one metre and 7.16 grams per tonne over 10 metres (set out in the table below); extended the Mikwam mineralization approximately 75 metres vertically upwards, to the contact between bedrock and overburden and along the East-West trend, representing potential additions to the existing resource base; and confirmed the gold mineralization at Mikwam has the same structural trend and mineral assemblage hosting gold, as well as similar stratigraphy as Hecla Mining Company's Casa Berardi Mine. The Phase Two exploration drilling program at Mikwam commenced in August 2018.

The contents of this MD&A have been reviewed and approved by Mr. Jeremy Niemi, P.Geo., VP, Exploration of Aurelius, who is a qualified person as defined in National Instrument 43-101.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents totalled \$1,805,208 as at June 30, 2018, compared to \$2,442,365 as at March 31, 2018. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents results from expenditures on the Company's exploration activities at the Lipton and Mikwam properties and corporate general and administrative expenses. The Company's Canadian cash and cash equivalents are held on deposit or in highly liquid, fully redeemable Guaranteed Investment Certificates with a major Canadian bank.

Receivables

Receivables of \$196,665 as at June 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018 – \$146,917) related mainly to input sales tax. Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company received an input sales tax refund of \$143,732.

Mineral properties

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties, except as described below are properly registered and in good standing.



The Company holds interests in various mineral claims located in Canada, the capitalized acquisition costs of which are as follows:

	June 30	March 31
	2018	2018
Lipton Property, Ontario	\$ 228,685	\$ 208,685
Mikwam Property, Ontario	212,500	212,500
Total mineral properties	\$ 441,185	\$ 421,185

During the three month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company incurred exploration expenditures, which are expensed to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss, as follows:

	Lipton	Mikwam	Total
Geological	38,005	-	38,005
Period ended June 30, 2017	\$ 38,005	\$ -	\$ 38,005
Land and claim management	3,000	3,000	6,000
Geological & Geophysics	3,600	49,719	53,319
Field Sampling	-	33,223	33,223
Drilling	-	23,034	23,034
Period ended June 30, 2018	\$ 6,600	\$ 108,976	\$ 115,576

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables were \$164,278 as at June 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018 – \$343,909). The decrease as at June 30, 2018 is due to the decrease in expenditures relating to the completion of the Phase One exploration drilling activities at Mikwam in the previous quarter.

Flow-through premium liability

The subscription agreement for the December 2017 FT Units requires Aurelius to incur \$1,537,243 of qualifying CEE and renounce the CEE to the December 2017 FT Unit shareholders with an effective date of December 31, 2018. At the time of issuance, the excess price per unit of the December 2017 FT Units over the fair value price per unit of the non flow-through December 2017 Units resulted in a \$0.01 per unit premium. The December 2017 FT Unit premium resulted in the recording of a flow-through premium liability of \$170,805 and reduction of share capital by the same amount on the statement of financial position. As at June 30, 2018, the flow-through premium liability was reduced to \$106,718 (March 31, 2018 – \$118,635). Pursuant to qualifying flow-through expenditures incurred during the three month period ended June 30, 2018, the flow-through premium liability was reduced by \$11,917 and recorded in income in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.



RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	2018	2017	Change
Three months ended June 30	\$	\$	\$
Expenses			
Exploration	115,576	38,005	(77,571)
Business development	64,597	-	(64,597)
Salaries and management fees	100,467	47,751	(52,716)
Director fees and expenses	27,500	-	(27,500)
Investor relations	45,622	20,942	(24,680)
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	1,213	6,327	5,114
Legal, audit and accounting	5,021	3,943	(1,078)
Office and miscellaneous	8,227	4,709	(3,518)
Rent	-	7,372	7,372
Travel	9,718	1,977	(7,741)
	(377,941)	(131,026)	(246,915)
Interest income	6,400	-	6,400
Recognition of flow-through premium liability	11,917	-	11,917
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(359,624)	(131,026)	(228,598)

For the three month period ended June 30, 2018, the Company incurred a loss and comprehensive loss in the amount of \$359,624 (2017 - \$131,026). Expenses during the three month period ended June 30, 2018 were higher than the comparative prior period due to re-launching of the Company in second quarter of fiscal year 2017, and the increased level of activity with to the carrying out of Phase One exploration program at the Mikwam property during the first half of 2018.

Interest income of \$6,400 relates to interest earned on a fully redeemable Guaranteed Investment Certificate with a major Canadian bank. Pursuant to qualifying flow-through expenditures incurred during the period, the flow-through premium liability was reduced by \$11,917 and recorded in income as Recognition of the flow-through premium liability.

The operating losses are a reflection of the Company's status as a non-revenue producing mineral exploration company. As the Company has no main source of income, losses are expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table summarizes information derived from the Company's financial statements for each of the eight most recently completed quarters.

Quarter ended:	2018	2018	2017	2017	2017	2017	2016	2016
	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30
Net sales or total revenue Net income (loss):	\$Nil							
 (i) in total (000s) (ii) per share⁽¹⁾ 	\$(360)	\$(711)	\$(277)	\$(781)	\$(131)	\$(189)	\$(166)	\$(153)
	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.02)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)

⁽¹⁾ Fully diluted loss per share amounts are not shown as they would be anti-dilutive.

The Company's operations are not driven by seasonal trends, but rather by reaching project milestones such as completing various geological, technical, environmental and socio-economic objectives as well as closing the financings needed to fund the Company's activities.



The operating results of junior exploration companies typically demonstrate wide variations from period to period. These variances arise from fluctuations in such costs as share-based compensation, level of exploration activity and costs expensed or costs incurred to assess opportunities to acquire new mineral property interests.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The financial statements include the financial statements of Aurelius Minerals Inc. The Company has no subsidiaries.

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

Compensation paid or payable to key management personnel for services rendered are as follows:

	Three month period ended	Three month period ended June 30, 2017	
	June 30, 2018		
Salaries and fees	\$ 151,000	\$	43,500
Short-term employment benefits	1,500		-
	\$ 152,500	\$	43,500

Amounts paid or payable to companies with officers and/or directors in common are as follows:

	Three month period ended June 30, 2018		Three month period ended June 30, 2017	
Rent	\$	-	\$	2,400
Accounting, investor relations & office		1,347		5,004
	\$	1,347	\$	7,404

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2018 is \$86,364 (March 31, 2018 – \$117,152) due to companies controlled by officers and/or directors of the Company.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has no operations that generate cash flow. The Company's future financial success will depend on the discovery of one or more economic mineral deposits or business opportunity. This process can take many years, can consume significant resources and is largely based on factors that are beyond the control of the Company and its management.

To date, the Company has financed its activities by the issuance of equity securities. In order to continue funding its exploration activities and corporate costs, exploration companies are usually reliant on their ongoing ability to raise financing through the sale of equity. This is dependent on positive investor sentiment, which in turn is influenced by a positive climate for the commodities that are being explored for, a company's track record, and the experience and caliber of company's management. There is no assurance that equity funding will be accessible to the Company at the times and in the amounts required to fund the Company's activities.



Working Capital

The Company had \$1,871,332 in working capital as at June 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018 - \$2,262,873) (see "Non-IFRS Measures"). The current working capital is considered sufficient to maintain Aurelius' current business plans and repay its financial obligations for at least one year.

The Company has no debt, does not have any unused lines of credit or other arrangements in place to borrow funds, and has no off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company has no current plans to use debt financing and does not use hedges or other financial derivatives.

The Company manages its liquidity risk (i.e., the risk that it will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due) by forecasting cash flows from operations together with its investing and financing activities. Expenditures are adjusted to ensure liabilities can be funded as they become due. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning, and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$617,157 for the three month period ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$272,574 in the same period of 2017. Cash used in operating activities during the three month period ended June 30, 2018 relates predominantly to the completion of the Phase One exploration program at the Mikwam property and general corporate activities incurred to manage a public resource company with exploration stage properties. There were no exploration drilling programs carried out in the comparative period.

Financing Activities

There were no financing activities during the three month period ended June 30, 2018. The Company received cash inflows from its financing activities of \$913,00 from the issuance of shares and paid share issue costs of \$18,330 during the comparative period of 2017.

Investing Activities

Investing activities, relating predominantly to acquisition expenditures on the Company's exploration properties, resulted in cash outflows of \$20,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$nil in the same period of 2017.

CONTINGENCIES

The Company may be subject to various contingent liabilities that occur in the normal course of operations. The Company is not aware of any pending or threatened proceedings that would have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or future results of the Company.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying value of receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of cash is measured based on level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.



The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if a counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation. The Company's receivables consist primarily of tax receivables due from federal and provincial government agencies. The Company has no customers or trade receivables as at June 30, 2018. The Company does not have a significant concentration of credit risk with any single counter-party. The Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts at major Canadian chartered banks. Because of these circumstances, the Company does not believe it has a material exposure to credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Financial assets and liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. The risk that the Company will realize a loss in cash is limited because the Company's deposits are redeemable on demand.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise required funding through future equity issuances, asset sales or a combination thereof.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. As at June 30, 2018, the Company had cash and cash equivalents totalling \$1,805,208 (March 31, 2018 – \$2,442,365) to settle accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$164,278 (March 31, 2018 – \$343,909). Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

As at June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 60 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The discussion and analysis of Aurelius's financial condition and results of operations are based upon its financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with IFRS. The preparation of the financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are discussed in more detail in the Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018, which are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.



NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations became effective during the three month period ended June 30, 2018.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

This standard and its consequential amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Among other matters, this standard introduces new classification and measurement models for financial assets, using a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value. Because the Company is not exposed to significant financial instrument accounting processes, management has concluded the adopting this new standard has not had a significant effect on its financial reporting and no adjustments were required.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

New revenue from contracts with customers that specifies how and when to recognize revenue as well as requires entities to provide users of financial statements with more information, relevant disclosures. The amendments do not change the underlying principles of the standard, just clarify and offer some additional transition relief. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company concluded there is no impact under the adoption of this standard.

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective during the three month period ended June 30, 2018.

IFRS 16, Leases

IFRS 16 is a new standard that sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases including guidance for both parties to a contract, the lessee and the lessor. The new standard eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases as is required by IAS 17 and instead introduces a single lessee accounting model. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company does not anticipate any significant impact under the adoption of this standard.

OUTLOOK

The Company is a resource exploration company, with its initial focus on gold exploration within the prolific Abitibi Gold belt.

The Company continues to review and evaluate both of its properties to carry out effective results-oriented exploration programs and commenced the Phase Two exploration drilling program at the Mikwam Property in August 2018. The Company expects to incur the majority of the remaining flow-though funds on its Mikwam exploration program.

In addition, the Company continues to assess opportunities to acquire additional advanced staged opportunities in proven mining districts.



DISCLOSURE OF SECURITIES OUTSTANDING

As at August 24, 2018, the following common shares, common share purchase options, broker warrants and common share purchase warrants were outstanding.

		Exercise price	Number of shares and
	Expiry date	per share	number of shares on exercise
Common shares			88,652,562
Common share purchase options	June 24, 2021	\$ 0.065	1,293,600
Common share purchase options	July 5, 2022	\$ 0.120	2,900,000
Common share purchase options	March 5, 2023	\$ 0.080	715,200
Common share purchase options			4,908,800
Common share purchase warrants	March 23, 2019	\$ 0.10	1,475,000
Common share purchase warrants	April 5, 2019	\$ 0.15	1,365,000
Common share purchase warrants	May 1, 2019	\$ 0.15	2,400,000
Common share purchase warrants	July 19, 2020	\$ 0.10	13,000,000
Common share purchase warrants	December 21, 2022	\$ 0.16	37,280,478
Common share purchase warrants ⁽¹⁾			55,520,478
Agent Unit Shares	December 21, 2022	\$ 0.16	2,982,438
Agent warrants ⁽²⁾	December 21, 2022	\$ 0.08	2,982,438
Broker warrants ⁽¹⁾			5,964,876

(1) Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company.

(2) 2,982,438 agent warrants are exercisable to acquire one December Unit at a price of \$0.08 per unit for a period of five years.

NON-IFRS MEASURES

This MD&A refers to working capital, which is not a recognized measure under IFRS. This non-IFRS performance measure does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Management uses this measure internally to better assess performance trends and liquidity. Management understands that a number of investors and others who follow the Company's business assess performance in this way. This data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

	June 30	March 31
	2018	2018
	\$	\$
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,805,208	2,442,365
Receivables	196,665	146,917
Prepaid expenses	33,737	17,500
	2,035,610	2,606,782
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(164,278)	(343,909)
Working capital	1,871,332	2,262,873

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is subject to risks and challenges similar to other companies in a comparable stage of exploration. These risks include, but are not limited to, continuing losses, dependence on key individuals, and the ability to secure adequate financing to meet minimum capital required to successfully complete its exploration programs and continue as a going concern. While the Company has been successful in raising financing to date, there can be



no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. The operations of the Company are speculative due to the high-risk nature of its business. These risk factors could materially affect the Company's future operating results and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described herein and in forward-looking statements and forward-looking information relating to the Company. For a more comprehensive discussion of the risks and uncertainties faced by the Company, please refer to the Company's MD&A as at March 31, 2018 filed on www.sedar.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the statements made and information contained herein is "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the British Columbia Securities Act, the Alberta Securities Act and the Ontario Securities Act. This includes statements concerning the potential to increase mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates and the Company's plans to acquire new mineral property interests or business opportunities, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Generally, forward-looking statements and forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". All forward-looking statements and forward-looking information are based on reasonable assumptions that have been made by the Company as at the date of such information. Forward-looking information is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking information, including, without limitation, the ability of the Company to continue to be able to access the capital markets for the funding necessary to acquire and maintain exploration properties or business opportunities; competition within the industry to acquire properties of merit or new business opportunities, and competition from other companies possessing greater technical and financial resources; difficulties in executing exploration programs at the Lipton and Mikwam properties on the Company's proposed schedules and within its cost estimates, whether due to weather conditions in the areas where it operates, increasingly stringent environmental regulations and other permitting restrictions, or other factors related to exploring of its properties, such as the availability of essential supplies and services; factors beyond the capacity of the Company to anticipate and control, such as the marketability of mineral products produced from the Company's properties, government regulations relating to health, safety and the environment, and the scale and scope of royalties and taxes on production; the availability of experienced contractors and professional staff to perform work in a competitive environment and the resulting adverse impact on costs and performance and other risks and uncertainties, including those described in each MD&A of financial condition and results of operations. In addition, forward-looking information is based on various assumptions including, without limitation, assumptions associated with exploration results and costs and the availability of materials and skilled labour. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Except as required under applicable securities legislation, Aurelius undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.